



NSAI
Standards

Irish Standard
I.S. EN 16602-70-57:2015

Space product assurance - Dry Heat Bioburden Reduction for Flight Hardware

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I.S. EN 16602-70-57:2015

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National Foreword

I.S. EN 16602-70-57:2015 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN 16602-70-57:2015, Space product assurance - Dry Heat Bioburden Reduction for Flight Hardware

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 16602-70-57

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

September 2015

ICS 49.140

English version

Space product assurance - Dry Heat Bioburden Reduction for Flight Hardware

Assurance produit des projets spatiaux - Réduction par
chaleur sèche de la charge microbienne des matériels de
vol

Raumfahrtproduktsicherung - Reduktion der
Gesamtkeimzahl bei trockener Hitze für Flughardware

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 16 November 2014.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN and CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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European foreword

This document (EN 16602-70-57:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/CLC/TC 5 “Space”, the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This standard (EN 16602-70-57:2015) originates from ECSS-Q-ST-70-57C.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2016.

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This document has been developed to cover specifically space systems and has therefore precedence over any EN covering the same scope but with a wider domain of applicability (e.g. : aerospace).

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Introduction

The UN Outer Space Treaty of 1967 sets up the general principles applicable to the exploration and use of outer space. Article IX of the Outer Space Treaty constitutes the primary statement of international law:

“States parties shall pursue studies of outer space, including the Moon and other celestial bodies, and conduct exploration of them so as to avoid their harmful contamination and also adverse changes in the environment of the Earth resulting from the introduction of extraterrestrial matter and, when necessary, adopt appropriate measures for this purpose.”

Harmful contamination in that sense is defined as biological contamination, including organic-constituents, to protect the environment in order to allow future exobiology research. The Committee On Space Research (COSPAR) has established some planetary protection guidelines, based on the Outer Space Treaty. These guidelines impose requirements on spaceflight missions according to target body/mission type combinations.

The objective of this Standard is to ensure that proper procedures for reducing the microbiological contamination on flight hardware are in place to meet the planetary protection constraints.

1

Scope

This standard defines procedures for the reduction of microbiological contamination of flight hardware using heat.

The procedures described in this standard cover:

- Reduction of microbiological contamination on exposed surfaces, mated surfaces and encapsulated in materials.
- Reduction of microbiological contamination in dry, ambient and uncontrolled humidity environments.

This standard also sets requirements for the conditioning of the flight hardware, bioburden reduction cycle development, and equipment to be used for applying a bioburden reduction procedure.

This standard may be tailored for the specific characteristics and constraints of a space project in conformance with ECSS-S-ST-00.

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