

Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 17943:2016

Water quality - Determination of volatile organic compounds in water - Method using headspace solid-phase micro-extraction (HS-SPME) followed by gas chromatography-mass spectrometry (GC-MS) (ISO 17943:2016)

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I.S. EN ISO 17943:2016

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National Foreword

I.S. EN ISO 17943:2016 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN ISO 17943:2016, Water quality - Determination of volatile organic compounds in water - Method using headspace solid-phase micro-extraction (HS-SPME) followed by gas chromatography-mass spectrometry (GC-MS) (ISO 17943:2016)

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 17943

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

April 2016

ICS 13.060.50

English Version

Water quality - Determination of volatile organic compounds in water - Method using headspace solid-phase micro-extraction (HS-SPME) followed by gas chromatography-mass spectrometry (GC-MS) (ISO 17943:2016)

Qualité de l'eau - Détermination de composés organiques volatils dans l'eau - Méthode utilisant une micro-extraction en phase solide (MEPS) de l'espace de tête suivie d'une chromatographie en phase gazeuse-spectrométrie de masse (CG-SM) (ISO 17943:2016)

Wasserbeschaffenheit - Bestimmung flüchtiger organischer Verbindungen in Wasser - Verfahren mittels Headspace-Festphasenmikroextraktion (HS-SPME) gefolgt von der Gaschromatographie und Massenspektrometrie (GC-MS) (ISO 17943:2016)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 13 February 2016.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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EN ISO 17943:2016 (E)

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 17943:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 147 "Water quality" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 230 "Water analysis" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2016.

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The text of ISO 17943:2016 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 17943:2016 without any modification.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 17943

First edition 2016-04-01

Water quality — Determination of volatile organic compounds in water — Method using headspace solid-phase micro-extraction (HS-SPME) followed by gas chromatography-mass spectrometry (GC-MS)

Qualité de l'eau — Détermination de composés organiques volatils dans l'eau — Méthode utilisant une micro-extraction en phase solide (MEPS) de l'espace de tête suivie d'une chromatographie en phase gazeuse-spectrométrie de masse (CG-SM)





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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 147, *Water quality*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Physical, chemical and biochemical methods*.

Introduction

Volatile organic compounds (VOCs) are often found in the manufacturing processes of paints, adhesives, petroleum products, pharmaceuticals, and refrigerants. Some are used as gasoline additives, solvents, hydraulic fluids, and dry-cleaning agents. This group of compounds belongs to the group of anthropogenic chemicals. VOC contamination of water resources is a human-health concern because many are toxic and are known or suspected human carcinogens.

For the determination of VOCs, several published procedures are available (see References [4],[5],[6],[7],[9],[12],[13], and [14]).

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WARNING — Persons using this International Standard should be familiar with normal laboratory practice. This International Standard does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to ensure compliance with any national regulatory conditions.

IMPORTANT — It is absolutely essential that tests conducted in accordance with this International Standard be carried out by suitably qualified staff.

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for the determination of volatile organic compounds (see <u>Table 1</u>). This comprises, for example, halogenated hydrocarbons, trihalogenated methanes, gasoline components (such as BTEX, MTBE, and ETBE), naphthalene, 2-ethyl-4-methyl-1,3-dioxolane, and highly odorous substances like geosmin and 2-methylisoborneol in drinking water, ground water, surface water, and treated waste water, by means of headspace solid-phase micro-extraction (HS-SPME) followed by gas chromatography-mass spectrometry (GC-MS). The limit of determination depends on the matrix, on the specific compound to be analysed, and on the sensitivity of the mass spectrometer. For most compounds to which this International Standard applies, it is at least 0,01 μ g/l. Validation data related to a concentration range between 0,02 μ g/l and 2,6 μ g/l have been demonstrated in an interlaboratory trial. Additional validation data derived from standardization work show applicability of the method within a concentration range from 0,01 μ g/l to 100 μ g/l of individual substances. All determinations are performed on small sample amounts (e.g. sample volumes of 10 ml).

This method may be applicable to other compounds not explicitly covered by this International Standard or to other types of water. However, it is necessary to demonstrate the applicability for each case.

Name	Molecular formula	CAS registry no.d	Molar mass g/mol	Density kg/l
tert-amyl methyl ether (TAME)	C ₆ H ₁₄ O	994-05-8	102,17	0,76
benzene	C ₆ H ₆	71-43-2	78,12	0,88
bromobenzene	C ₆ H ₅ Br	108-86-1	157,01	1,50
bromochloromethane	CH ₂ BrCl	74-97-5	129,38	1,99
bromodichloromethane	CHBrCl ₂	75-27-4	163,83	1,98
<i>n</i> -butylbenzene	C ₁₀ H ₁₄	104-51-8	134,22	0,86
sec-butylbenzene	C ₁₀ H ₁₄	135-98-8	134,22	0,86
tert-butylbenzene	C ₁₀ H ₁₄	98-06-6	134,22	0,87
chlorobenzene	C ₆ H ₅ Cl	108-90-7	112,56	1,11

Table 1 — Volatile organic compounds determinable by this method

- ^a Signals of substances may overlap in chromatograms as they might co-elute.
- b Density of liquid at boiling point (-13,4 °C)
- c Refer to <u>Tables F.1</u> and <u>F.2</u> for validation data and additional information.
- d CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.



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