

Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 17824:2014

Petroleum and natural gas industries -Downhole equipment - Sand screens (ISO 17824:2009)

#### I.S. EN ISO 17824:2014

2014-08-23

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:

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This document is based on: Published:

EN ISO 17824:2014 2014-08-06

This document was published ICS number:

under the authority of the NSAI and comes into effect on: 75.180.10

NOTE: If blank see CEN/CENELEC cover page

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**EUROPEAN STANDARD** 

**EN ISO 17824** 

NORME EUROPÉENNE

**EUROPÄISCHE NORM** 

August 2014

ICS 75.180.10

#### **English Version**

### Petroleum and natural gas industries - Downhole equipment - Sand screens (ISO 17824:2009)

Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel - Equipement de fond de puits - Tamis de contrôle de sable (ISO 17824:2009)

Erdöl- und Erdgasindustrie - Bohrlochausrüstungen - Sandfilter (ISO 17824:2009)

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EN ISO 17824:2014 (E)

#### **Foreword**

The text of ISO 17824:2009 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 17824:2014 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 12 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by February 2015.

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 17824

First edition 2009-08-15

# Petroleum and natural gas industries — Downhole equipment — Sand screens

Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel — Equipement de fond de puits — Tamis de contrôle de sable



ISO 17824:2009(E)

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Published in Switzerland

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ISO 17824:2009(E)

#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 17824 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67, *Materials, equipment and offshore structures* for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries, Subcommittee SC 4, *Drilling and production* equipment.

ISO 17824:2009(E)

#### Introduction

This International Standard has been developed by user/purchasers and supplier/manufacturers of sand control screens intended for use in petroleum and natural gas wells. This International Standard provides requirements and information to both parties regarding the manufacture, mechanical properties and testing of sand control screens. Further, this International Standard addresses supplier/manufacturer requirements that set the minimum parameters with which it is necessary that supplier/manufacturers comply to claim conformity with this International Standard.

This International Standard is structured with grades of increased requirements for both design validation and quality control. Three design validation grades (V1, V2 and V3) and three quality grades (Q1, Q2 and Q3) provide the user/purchaser the choice of requirements to meet a specific preference or application. Design validation grade V3 and quality grade Q3 represent equipment designed and manufactured consistent with minimum industry practice.

Included within this International Standard are normative annexes A and B specifying test methods for determining the collapse and burst strength of sand control screens. Informative annexes C, D, E, F, G and H include measurement criteria for sand control screen filter media, illustrations of the three types of sand control screens, and increased wire-wrap slot size inspection requirements.

It is necessary that users of this International Standard be aware that requirements above those outlined in this International Standard can be needed for individual applications. This International Standard is not intended to inhibit a supplier/manufacturer from offering, or the user/purchaser from accepting, alternative equipment or engineering solutions. This can be particularly applicable where there is innovative or developing technology. Where an alternative is offered, it is the responsibility of the supplier/manufacturer to identify any variations from this International Standard and provide details.

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## Petroleum and natural gas industries — Downhole equipment — Sand screens

#### 1 Scope

This International Standard provides the requirements and guidelines for sand control screens for use in the petroleum and natural gas industries. Included are the requirements for design, design validation, functional evaluation, manufacturing, storage and transport. The requirements of this International Standard are applicable to wire-wrap screens, pre-pack screens and metal-mesh screens as defined herein.

The following items are outside the scope of this International Standard:

- expandable sand screens, slotted liners or tubing and accessory items such as centralizers or bull plugs;
- shunt screen technology, inflow control devices, downhole sensors and selective isolation devices, even where they can be an integral part of the sand control screen;
- screen filtration performance criteria, including test methods or analysis for sand retention efficiency;
- end connections of the basepipe.

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. The way in which these referenced documents are cited determines the extent (in whole or part) to which they apply. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 10414-1:2008, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Field testing of drilling fluids — Part 1: Water-based fluids

ISO 11960, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Steel pipes for use as casing or tubing for wells

NOTE ISO 11960 has been back adopted by API as API SPEC 5CT. Therefore, for the purposes of the provisions of this International Standard which cite ISO 11960, API SPEC 5CT is equivalent to ISO 11960.

ISO/IEC 17025, General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories

ISO 9000, Quality management systems — Fundamentals and vocabulary

ASME, Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code BPVC — Section II: Materials: Part D: Properties

ASME, Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code BPVC — Section VIII: 1998, Div. 1, Appendix 8: Methods for Liquid Penetrant Examination (PT)

ASME, Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code BPVC — Section IX: Welding and Brazing Qualifications

ASTM E11, Standard Specification for Wire Cloth and Sieves for Testing Purposes

ASTM E165, Standard Test Method for Liquid Penetrant Examination



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