

Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 10650:2015

Dentistry - Powered polymerization activators (ISO 10650:2015)

© CEN 2015 No copying without NSAI permission except as permitted by copyright law.

I.S. EN ISO 10650:2015

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:

The National Standards Authority of Ireland (NSAI) produces the following categories of formal documents:

I.S. xxx: Irish Standard — national specification based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

S.R.~xxx: Standard~Recommendation-recommendation~based~on~the~consensus~of~an~expert~panel~and~subject~to~public~consultation.

SWiFT xxx: A rapidly developed recommendatory document based on the consensus of the participants of an NSAI workshop.

This document replaces/revises/consolidates the NSAI adoption of the document(s) indicated on the CEN/CENELEC cover/Foreword and the following National document(s):

NOTE: The date of any NSAI previous adoption may not match the date of its original CEN/CENELEC document.

Published:

NOTE: If blank see CEN/CENELEC cover page

Sales:

This document is based on:

EN ISO 10650:2015 2015-09-30

This document was published ICS number:

under the authority of the NSAI and comes into effect on: 11.060.20

2015-10-22

NSAI

1 Swift Square, F+353 1 807 3838 T+353 1 857 6730 Northwood, Santry F+353 1 857 6729 E standards@nsai.ie Dublin 9 W NSAl.ie W standards.ie

T +353 1 807 3800

Údarás um Chaighdeáin Náisiúnta na hÉireann

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

National Foreword

I.S. EN ISO 10650:2015 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN ISO 10650:2015, Dentistry - Powered polymerization activators (ISO 10650:2015)

This document does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

Compliance with this document does not of itself confer immunity from legal obligations.

In line with international standards practice the decimal point is shown as a comma (,) throughout this document.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

This page is intentionally left blank

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 10650

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

September 2015

ICS 11.060.20

Supersedes EN ISO 10650-1:2005, EN ISO 10650-2:2007

English Version

Dentistry - Powered polymerization activators (ISO 10650:2015)

Médecine bucco-dentaire - Activateurs électriques de polymérisation (ISO 10650:2015)

Zahnheilkunde - Polymerisationslampen (ISO 10650:2015)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 22 August 2015.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

EN ISO 10650:2015 (E)

Contents	Page	
European foreword	3	

EN ISO 10650:2015 (E)

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 10650:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 106 "Dentistry" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 55 "Dentistry" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2016.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 10650-1:2005, EN ISO 10650-2:2007.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 10650:2015 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 10650:2015 without any modification.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

This page is intentionally left blank

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online. I.S. EN ISO 10650:2015

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 10650

First edition 2015-09-15

Dentistry — Powered polymerization activators

Médecine bucco-dentaire — Activateurs électriques de polymérisation



Reference number ISO 10650:2015(E)



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2015, Published in Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Ch. de Blandonnet 8 • CP 401 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland Tel. +41 22 749 01 11 Fax +41 22 749 09 47 copyright@iso.org www.iso.org

Coı	ntent	S	Page
Fore	word		iv
Intro	oductio	n	v
1	Scope	e	1
2	•	native references	
3		s and definitions	
4		ification	
_			
5	Kequ 5.1	irements General	
	5.1	5.1.1 Design	
		5.1.2 Connection	
		5.1.3 Operating controls	
		5.1.4 Cleaning, disinfection, and sterilization	
		5.1.5 Excessive temperatures	
	5.2	Radiant exitance	
		5.2.1 Radiant exitance in the 385 nm to 515 nm (blue) wavelength region	
		5.2.2 Radiant exitance in the 200 nm to 385 nm wavelength region	3
	5 0	5.2.3 Radiant exitance in the wavelength region above 515 nm	
	5.3	Electrical safety requirements	3
6	Samp	oling	3
7	Test	methods	3
	7.1	General	
		7.1.1 General provisions for tests	
		7.1.2 Atmospheric conditions	
	7.2	Radiant exitance	
		7.2.1 Apparatus	
		7.2.2 Procedures 7.2.3 Treatment of results 7.2.3	
8		mation to be supplied by the manufacturer	
	8.1	Instructions for use	
0	8.2	Technical description	
9		cing	
10	Pack	aging	12
Rihl	iogranh	v	14

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 106, *Dentistry*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Dental equipment*.

This first edition of ISO 10650 cancels and replaces ISO 10650-1:2004 and ISO 10650-2:2007, which have been technically revised with the following changes:

- limitation of blue wavelength region to: 200 nm to 385 nm;
- test procedure <u>7.2</u> radiant exitance was adopted to LED-diode lamps;
- information to be supplied by the manufacturer and marking requirements were updated.

Introduction

This International Standard specifies requirements and test methods in the 200 nm to 385 nm wavelength region and the wavelength region above 515 nm for powered polymerization activators. No minimum requirement value is given for the 385 nm to 515 nm wavelength region. The value in the 385 nm to 515 nm wavelength region is no less than the manufacturer's stated value.

This International Standard uses wavelength regions based on cut-off filters. Thus, the 200 nm to 385 nm region includes not only the ultraviolet region but also the near blue wavelength region of around 380 nm. The 385 nm to 515 nm region is taken as the region for powered polymerization activation. The region above 515 nm reaches approximately 1100 nm, which is the detection limit of the detector specified in this International Standard. The test methods described do not give absolute values nor do they reflect energy emitted as black body radiation. The measured values are not true radiant exitance but are values obtained using the methods described in this International Standard. Nevertheless, the values obtained using these test methods are used in conjunction with this International Standard.

This International Standard refers to IEC 60601-1, the basic International Standard on safety of medical electrical equipment, wherever relevant, by stating the respective clause numbers of IEC 60601-1.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online. **I.S. EN ISO 10650:2015**

Dentistry — **Powered polymerization activators**

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements and test methods for powered polymerization activators in the 385 nm – 515 nm wavelength region intended for chairside use in polymerization of dental polymer-based materials. This International Standard applies to quartz-tungsten-halogen lamps and light-emitting diode (LED) lamps. Powered polymerization activators could have internal power supply (rechargeable battery powered) or be connected to external (mains) power supply. Lasers or plasma arc devices are not covered by this International Standard.

This International Standard does not cover powered polymerization activators used in laboratory fabrication of indirect restorations, veneers, dentures, or other oral dental appliances. This International Standard takes priority over IEC 60601-1 where specified in the individual clauses of this International Standard.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1942, Dentistry — Vocabulary

ISO 9687, Dentistry — Graphical symbols for dental equipment

ISO 15223-1, Medical devices — Symbols to be used with medical device labels, labelling and information to be supplied — Part 1: General requirements

IEC 60601-1, Medical electrical equipment — Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance + Amendment 1:2012

IEC 60601-1-2, Medical electrical equipment — Part 1: General requirements for safety — 2. Collateral Standard: Electromagnetic compatibility — Requirements and test

IEC 80601-2-60, Medical electrical equipment — Part 2-60: Particular requirements for basic safety and essential performance of dental equipment

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 1942 and IEC 60601-1 apply.

NOTE The issue corresponds to IEC 60601-1:2005+A1:2012, Clause 3.

3.1

powered polymerization activator

device producing light primarily in the 385 nm to 515 nm region, intended for chairside use in polymerizing polymer-based filling, restorative, and luting materials

3.2

light-emitting diode lamps

semiconductor-based light emitting lamps



Product Page

- Dooking for additional Standards? Visit Intertek Inform Infostore
- Dearn about LexConnect, All Jurisdictions, Standards referenced in Australian legislation